

BMX Australia Rule Book (Domestic BMX events)

(If running an event using Junior/Elite classes it must be run under full UCI rules and Appendix, please use the UCI rulebook only)

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All Officials are required to be fully conversant with the Rules and Regulations and any supplement thereof, which governs any event, and are (by reason of the acceptance of their position) definitely bound as such by Rules and Regulations.

BMX AUSTRALIA LIMITED

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BMX Australia Family Values (EPIC)

EXCELLENCE	PASSION	INTEGRITY	CARE
Consistency	Commitment	Trust	Respect
Success	Desire	Transparency	Safety
Leadership	Ownership	Genuine	Understanding
Innovation	Identity	Honesty	Responsibility
Quality	Teamwork	Accountability	Communication

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Code of Conduct – BMX Australia

1. Purpose

The purpose of the BMX Australia (BMXA) Code of Conduct (Code) is to describe the type of behaviour. BMXA is seeking to promote and encourage its members and supporters to adopt this Code of Conduct.

2. Governance

The code shall be known as BMX Australia's Code of Conduct. The Code shall govern the conduct of all persons formally associated with BMX within Australia. In particular, it shall apply to:

- Persons acting for and on behalf of BMXA;
- Athletes, coaches, managers and support staff of BMXA;
- Persons participating in BMXA sanctioned events;
- Officials and support personnel assisting or conducting BMXA events; and
- BMXA appointed Delegates and employees of BMXA.

3. Key principles

- BMXA wishes to operate in an environment where people show respect for others and their property. Respect is defined as consideration for another's physical and emotional wellbeing and possessions, to ensure no damage or deprivation is caused to either.
- BMXA wishes to operate in an environment that is free from harassment. Harassment is defined as any action directed at an individual or group that creates a hostile, intimidating or offensive environment. (Refer to ASC Guidelines for Harassment-Free Sport).
- BMXA wishes to operate in a non-discriminatory environment. Respect the right, dignity and worth of every human being within the context of the activity, treat everyone equally regardless of gender, ethnic origin or religion.
- Persons to whom this Code applies acknowledge and agree to comply with the disciplinary and grievance procedures promulgated by BMXA. If any disciplinary action is taken, persons directly affected shall be given the opportunity to participate in those proceedings and the right to appeal against any decision against them.

4. Key elements

All persons who are bound by this code shall:

- Act in a manner which is compatible with the interests of BMXA;
- Accord people involved in BMX with the appropriate courtesy, respect and regard for their rights and obligations;
- Treat people's property with respect and due consideration of EPIC values;

- Show a positive commitment and abide by BMXA's policies, rules, procedures, guidelines and agreements;
- Respect the law and customs of the places they visit;
- Respect the confidentiality of information which they receive in the course of fulfilling their duties;
- Uphold the standing and reputation of BMX within Australia and in no way bring the sport into disrepute;
- Not misuse provided funds or property belonging to another party; and
- Observe and comply with the Anti-Doping Rules set out in the BMXA's Doping Policy.

5. Unacceptable behaviour

This list that follows provides examples of behaviour deemed to be unsuitable and not in the best interests of the sport of BMX:

- 'Sledging' other athletes, officials or event organisers. Sledging is defined as a statement that is deemed to denigrate and/or intimidate another person, or behaviour likely to constitute emotional abuse.
- Excessive use of alcohol, acting in a way that becomes a public nuisance, or creating a public disturbance.
- Damaging another person's property or depriving them of that property.
- Sexual relations between an appointed official and a junior athlete (under the age of consent), irrespective of the wishes and desires of the athlete. In all other cases such relations are strongly discouraged.
- Any physical contact with athletes shall be appropriate to the situation and be necessary for the further development of the athlete's skill.
- The use or encouragement of the use banned substances. (The banned substance list is as outlined under BMXA's Anti-Doping Policy.)
- Statements that are deemed to denigrate the group that an individual is representing.
- Any type of gambling, betting or organisation of betting at any BMX event, while competing, officiating or undertaking a management role.
- Any form of harassment.

Introduction

These Competition Rules (which must be taken in conjunction with the constitution of BMX Australia Limited) are formulated on behalf of and for the safety of all competitors and to encourage safe, honest, fair and good sportsman like competition.

Bicycle Motocross is regarded as a contact sport as defined:

"a sport in which contact occurs between participants but is not an essential part of the competition and is usually illegal." (SMA Guidelines 1994)

Definitions

- *Member organisation* a BMX organisation that is a member in good standing of BMX Australia Limited.
- National term applied to the naming of Class CN sanctioned events to be used only upon authorisation by BMX Australia Ltd (ie: failure to abide by these conditions will result in the removal of sanctioning for the event).
- A/AA, 14+ and Pro Open classes are all Pro Classes.
- Participation (Sprocket Rocket and Mini-Wheel) Categories for riders 7 years and under which fall under BMX Australia Ltd National Junior Sports Policy.

These categories are participation only, with all participants receiving equal recognition.

Retro classes defines open wheel classes on bikes that conform to retro specification.

Class	Description
CN	National Championships
NS	National Series
ST	State/Territory Titles
S	State Series, State Challenge, Inter-Regional, State/Territory Open
R	Regional
С	Club

Table of Event Codes

Sanctioning Matrix

Class of Event	Min Class No	Definition	Types of Events	Sanctioning
Class CN National Championships	5	Inter-State events termed "Nationals" For Australian riders only	National Championships and Challenge	BMX Australia Ltd (ie National Officiating Director) Open, Sprocket Rocket and BMX Mini Wheel Licence
Class NS National Series Regular National Open Races	5	Sanctioned nationally featuring riders from 3 or more states	National series Regular National Open days	BMX Australia Ltd (ie National Officiating Director) Open, Sprocket Rocket and BMX Mini Wheel Licence
Class ST State/Territory Titles	4	State or Territory Titles	State/Territory Championships and Challenge	State/Territory Association (ie State/Territory Officiating Director) Open, Sprocket Rocket and BMX Mini Wheel Licence

Class of Event	Min Class No	Definition	Types of Events	Sanctioning
Class S State Series State Challenge Inter Regional State/Territory Open	3 3 3 3	Intra-State and Inter-regional events	State/Territory Series Interstate Challenge (ie involving only 2 states/territories) Inter-Regional Challenges Regular State/Territory	State/Territory Association (ie State/Territory Officiating Director) Open, Sprocket Rocket and BMX Mini Wheel Licence, 4-month Licence
Class R Regional	3	Intra-regional and inter-club events sanctioned at regional and state level featuring riders from within the recognised region only	Open races Regional Championships Regional series Interclub Challenges (ie involving clubs from within the recognised region only Regular Regional Open Races	State/Territory Association (ie State/Territory Officiating Director) Open, Sprocket Rocket and BMX Mini Wheel Licence, 4-month Licence

Class of Event	Min Class No	Definition	Types of Events	Sanctioning
Class C				
Club	2	Intra-Club events sanctioned within the club	Club Championships Club series Inter Club Challenges (ie involving no more than 3 clubs – no club licence) Regular Club trophy Days	Club/Interclub Open, Sprocket Rocket and BMX Mini Wheel Licence, 4-month Licence Club Licence (<i>except at inter-</i> <i>club challenge</i>)
Definition of Club licence		Ineligible to ride at class CN, NS, ST, S, R and (C inter-club challenge) events	Home Club Meetings Home Club Championships Home Club Series	Club Licence

Categories and Participation

Age of Participants

001 Rider Age, Licence and the Junior Sports Policy

There are two types of events in Australia – "year of birth" and "age on day". The entry form for Classes S, R and C events must clearly state type of event. CN, NS and ST events are run under "year of birth".

- 1. Rider Age Classification:
 - (a) In "year of birth" events a rider's age is determined by which birthday they have in that calendar year.
 - (b) In an "age on day" event the rider's age is determined as their natural age on the day of the event (or start of event in the case of multi-day events or series).
- 2. Sprocket Rocket Class Definition Riding:
 - (a) "Year of birth" event ... riders who are having their 7th birthday in the calendar year (or younger).
 - (b) "Age on day" event ... riders who are under 8 years of age.

Sprocket Rocket Class riders are not eligible to be competitively scored.

3. Sprocket Rocket Licence:

Sprocket Rocket Class members shall be issued with a Sprocket Rocket Licence until their 8th birthday. They will then be issued with an Open Licence to reflect their new age.

4. In Club racing only, the club can choose to ride Ability classes at their club nights.

Categories

002 BMX events can be distinguished in three competing levels, the Pro Classes, the Challenge level and the Masters level.

Sprocket Rockets and Mini Wheelers are Participation classes only.

The single categories are laid down in article <u>003</u> and <u>004</u>.

Categories Challenge and Novice Level

003 The challenge competition categories for category CN and below are as follows:

Age	Bike	Class
8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17-24,	20″	Male/Female
25-29, 30-34, 35-39, 40-44, 45-49, 50+		
8-10, 11-12, 13-14, 15-16, 17-24, 25-29,	24″	Male/Female
30-34, 35-39, 40-44, 45-49, 50+		

Novice

- 1. If states offering Novice classes these may only be offered until riders are classified as 17 years of age.
- 2. Novices may choose to move up to Expert at any time, however once they do so they cannot go back down to a Novice class without the discretion of the State Officiating Director.
- 3. Novice classification is open to both Male and Female riders.
- 4. Novice riders are not to be awarded State or State Series rankings.
- 5. Novice riders must ride as an expert once they have achieved one of the below:
 - (a) Top 8 at the National Championships
 - (b) Top 8 at any of the National series rounds
 - (c) Top 16 at a State Championships
 - (d) Top 3 at a State held series round

AA Open-A Open, 14+ Pro Open Money Class

Age	Bike	Class
14+ (year of birth)	20" & 24"	A/AA and
		14+ Pro Open

Retro classes

BMX Australia recognises Retro classes when offered at the discretion of the event management group.

Age	Bike	Class
8-14	20" or 24"	Junior 8-14
39 and Under	20" or 24"	Under 40's
40 and Over	20" or 24"	40 & Over
45 and over	20" or 24"	Over 45's
14 and over female	20" or 24"	Powder Puffs
30+	20" or 24"	30+ Pro Vet

Participation

BMX Australia provides participation classes (Sprocket Rockets/Mini Wheelers) for riders under 8 years of age based on the Australian Junior Sports Policy.

Age	Bike	Class
7 and under	20″	Sprocket Rocket
2, 3, 4	13" max	BMX Mini Wheeler

Categories Masters level

- **004** Men: 30 and over (1 category). 20 inch only. Masters are also authorized to compete as Challenge Cruisers 24 inch.
- **005** A rider aged 14 (year of birth) may choose to compete in both age or A/AA or open level Challenge or Masters (only if aged 30 and over).

Riding Up

- **006** Except at National and State Titles, in the interest of increasing the standard of racing, competitors may enter a class above their racing age or the opposite gender class equal to or above (but not below) their own racing age, consistent with the Junior Sports Policy.
 - 1. A competitor may ride in any 20" age class above their racing age providing they only enter one (1) age class per event, except where disallowed by the Junior Sports Policy.
 - 2. Competitors may also enter (or qualify for) any appropriate Pro Open Classes, Cruisers, Composite Classes, Trophy Dashes, Retro Classes or other special racing that may be organised.

3. Sprocket Rocket riders are ineligible to ride up into competitive classes.

Exception: a 5, 6, 7 years old member may enter into International challenge categories where the competition is conducted under international rules (ie World Championship). This shall also apply to National Championships (Class CN) events being conducted in the same calendar year that Australia hosts the World Championships.

4. Riders eligible to compete in the 8 year age class are restricted to riding in that class (ie Year of birth 8 year old competitors cannot ride up).

An event flier is deemed to be an invitation to compete and the minimum amount of prize money is to be stipulated on fliers and promotional material. A rider's entry to the event indicates acceptance of the terms, conditions and rules of the event.

Combination Rules

- **007** The minimum number of riders to constitute a class is laid out in the "Sanctioning Matrix" at the start of this rule book for each class of event.
 - Undersubscribed classes will be combined with an older category. However, classes with a maximum age of more than 34 shall be combined with the next younger category.
 - 2. In the case that any under-subscribed category cannot be combined according to these rules, this category shall not be run.
 - 3. If the adequate numbers of riders are registered and confirmed during the rider's confirmation, the category will be run even if fewer riders show up at the start.
 - 4. If an inadequate number of riders are confirmed during the rider's confirmation, the category shall be combined as per these rules.

Calendar

008 The calendar season starts on January 1 and ends on December 31.

Race classes and date protection

- **009** 1. International Competition Class (C1) During C1 designated event dates, no ST, S, R, C event can be run within the same State.
 - National Championships (CN) During CN designated event dates, no ST, S, R, C event can be run in Australia (only a NS event can be run at the CN event).

- National Series (NS) During NS designated event dates, no ST, S, R event can be run within the same State.
- State Titles (ST)
 During ST designated event dates, no S, R or C event can be run within the same State.

Competition

010 Riders registered to compete in an event will be classified according to their age, gender, bicycle style and competition level. Two styles of bicycles are recognized in a BMX race: standard 20 inch and cruiser 24 inch.

Mini-wheelers (as described in section <u>048</u>) and Sprocket Rockets, do not compete.

Practice

011 No rider will be permitted on the track until he/she has been officially registered and confirmed for the event as a licensed rider. At least one official practice session must precede the racing at any event. Separate practice times may be allocated to each category or other designated group.

Race schedule

- **012** The schedule of races for scrambled motos shall be established according to the procedures set forth in rule <u>013</u> of this rule book.
 - 1. The number of motos to be raced at a particular event will be determined having regard to:
 - (a) Total number of entrants
 - (b) Time available to conduct the event
 - 2. If it becomes imperative to reduce the time to be taken for an event (ie through inclement weather) one of the following methods may be applied by the Race Director:
 - (a) Reduce the number of motos to be raced by every entrant, or
 - (b) Cut out qualifiers and final. At the end of the last moto the competitor with the least points is then deemed to be the winner.

Transfers and scoring

013 Transfers and scoring – Scrambled Motos

There are three phases to a BMX meeting: Motos Qualifiers (eighths, quarters, semis etc) Final

1. Class of more than 1 full gate

Motos: when there is more than one heat in any class, motos must be mixed on a random selection or mathematical progression basis.

To determine award/prize winners, one of the following methods must be used. Whichever method is chosen it must be specified on entry forms and promotional material.

(a) Total points to end of motos, followed by deadman Qualifiers and Final

Each competitor rides the same number of motos.

The top "x" riders (as defined in 013.3) on accumulated points following motos are seeded in order of merit (according to the principle of a downward left to right zigzag pattern) into the first qualifier round, with top 4 competitors in each _ qualifier transferring to the next qualifier round and/or final.

Any ties for the last qualifying position into the qualifiers are decided by <u>013.4</u>.

Awards/prizes are awarded according to placing gained in the final.

(b) Total points to end of Qualifiers, followed by deadman Final

Each competitor rides the same number of motos.

The top "x" riders (as defined in <u>013.3</u>) on accumulated points following motos are seeded in order of merit (according to the principle of a downward left to right zigzag pattern) into the first qualifier round. At the completion of the first qualifier round, points earned in the qualifier round are added to the rider's existing moto points.

The top "x" riders (as defined in 013.3 on total accumulated points are seeded in order of merit into the next qualifier round (if required) and points accumulated until the qualifiers are completed and the top 8 riders determined (who transfer to the final).

Any ties for the last qualifying position into the first and/or subsequent qualifier, and to the final, are decided by <u>013.4</u>.

Awards/prizes are awarded according to placing gained in the final.

(c) Total points - no Qualifiers or Finals

Each competitor rides the same number of motos. <u>013.4</u> shall be used to break any ties.

(d) 3 (three) Heat Final

If a 3-heat-final is determined for the event, then competitors earn their way to the final using (a) or (b) above.

The competitors then ride 3 finals, using the following matrix to determine gate draws for each final. Riders choose a combination of fixed gates for the Three Heats as per the table below based on Olympic selection.

Awards/prizes are awarded according to overall points gained in the 3 finals using the point scheme and IRM's in section <u>014</u>.

Any ties are resolved using 013.4.

Three Heat Final Starting Lane Order								
Final #1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Final #2	4	7	5	8	1	3	6	2
Final #3								

2. Class of 1 full gate or less

To determine award/prize winners, one of the following methods must be used. Whichever method is chosen it must be specified on entry forms and promotional material.

Where the number of entrants in a category does not exceed a full gate, ie 8 or less for an 8 lane gate, one of the following methods must be used:

Each competitor rides the same number of motos, then

- (a) Each competitor rides an extra moto with awards/prizes being awarded on total accumulated points, however should there be any ties in accumulated points placing then the results in the extra moto are used to separate any such ties (assigned gates).
- (b) Except for the last placed rider as determined by accumulated points following the motos, the rest transfer to a dead man final (Olympic Draw).

Any ties for the last qualifying position to the final are decided <u>013.4</u>.

3. Class sizes and qualifiers

The table below details the number of riders required for various qualifiers and finals for an 8 lane gate:

8 Rider Gate						
No of Riders	Semi	Eighth				
Less than 17	-	-	-			
17-19	Two 6 rider	-	-			
20-32	Two 8 rider	-	-			
33-40	Two 8 rider	Four 5 rider	-			
41-64	Two 8 rider	Four 8 rider	-			
65-80	Two 8 rider	Four 5 rider	Five 8 rider			
81 or more	Two 8 rider	Four 8 rider	Eight 8 rider			

4. Tie-Breaker

In the case where a tie is required to be broken, the following process (in order), will apply:

- (a) Count-back on placing in the last-run stage. If a multi-heat stage then from the last run to the first run in the stage (until an outcome is reached).
- (b) Where lap times are available Count-back on lap time in the lastrun stage. If a multi-heat stage then from the last run to the first run in the stage (until an outcome is reached).
- (c) If a result cannot be determined by (a) or (b): a run-off can be held between the riders on equal points with the winner(s) going through to the next round.
- 5. Events may be run using the UCI-BMX scoring/transfer system.
- **014** If applicable, for each moto or Three Heat Final in which he competes, a rider shall receive a point score equal to his finish position in the race, with the rider in first place earning one point and so on down to the eighth place rider, who will receive eight points. The riders with the lowest total points earned in the motos transfer to the next stage of competition. In qualification phase the top four finishing riders will transfer to the next stage of competition.

A rider who starts but does not complete a moto will be recorded as "Did Not Finish" (DNF) and will receive a score equal to the number of riders who started the moto. This rider will be eligible to transfer. A rider will be classified as "DNF" if he/she receives outside assistance (eg first aid). A rider who does not start a moto will be recorded as "Did Not Start" (DNS) and will receive a score equal to the number of riders who started the moto plus 2. This rider will be eligible to transfer.

The rider will be ineligible to transfer if he/she fails to start more than one moto.

A rider who starts but has been relegated by the Chief Steward will be recorded as "relegated" (REL) and will receive a score equal to the number of riders who started the moto plus 2. This rider will be eligible to transfer.

Order of ranking for IRM's (Invalid Race Method):

- 1. DNF
- 2. REL
- 3. DNS

In case of multiple DNF, REL or DNS, the tiebreaker (within each group) will be as follows:

- 1. Position in previous heat
- 2. Lap time in last run of previous heat

Scoring systems

- **015** The following scoring systems shall be used for BMX competitions:
 - 1. Photo finish is determined by equipment able to take a min 1000 frames per second.
 - 2. Scoring with timing transponders when utilized

The staging officials shall check each rider's bike to confirm that the provided transponder has been attached correctly. However, the rider is solely responsible for the correct attachment of the transponder during the race. There shall be a timing operator who shall be responsible for recording the finish line position of every rider as he crosses the finish line in every race and if a rider does not finish a race (DNF), the Chief Steward must immediately confirm the rider's finish result to the timing operator.

- 3. Light beams (photo cells)
- 4. Scoring with a finish line video camera equipment

Video camera equipment shall be so installed as to be directly aligned with the finish line at ground level or directly above. The video camera shall have an unobstructed view of the finish line on the track surface. The backfield view of the video camera shall be clear so as to not complicate the clarity of reproduction nor confuse the vision at the play back facility. In addition, there shall be a further video camera at the "front on" position to facilitate rider number identification. In each preceding case described, slow motion reverse and advance capabilities are required of the equipment. As well the equipment shall be capable of colour reproduction.

5. Finish line Judges

There shall be a minimum of 5 qualified finish line Judges, who shall be responsible for recording the finish positions of every rider as he/she crosses the finish line in each race. The official finish positions of each race shall be determined by a simple majority of the finish line Judges. The official finish results shall be transmitted to the Head Scorer for notation on the moto sheets.

016 In the event that the finishing order is disputed and only after protesting their position with the Team Manager/Riders Advocate the parties involved may inspect the recorded finishing medium along with the Team Manager/Riders Advocate and the Chief Steward or their assistant.

Staging and gate positions

017 The gate starting positions for motos shall be determined by computerized pre draw and shall be indicated on the staging sheets.

All riders must start in their designated gate positions. The penalty for starting from any other gate position is disqualification.

It is each rider's responsibility to be in the staging area and on the gate at the appropriate times. If the rider is not on time for staging as indicated by the staging official, in the case of motos the rider will not be allowed to start (and recorded as DNS), and in qualifiers/final the rider will lose the gate pick position and must choose the gate last.

In case of a rerun, all riders must start in the same gate position as previously designated.

018 When an event is scheduled as per <u>013</u> (scrambled motos), a rider's gate starting position for the motos will be randomly generated by the computerized scoring system.

Olympic lane draws for qualifiers and finals gate positions

019 Competitors in finals will have the option of nominating/selecting their starting lane position.

In the first stage following the motos, the pick is based on moto points. In subsequent stages:

- 1. By seeding determined by lap time from the previous round (fastest rider has the first choice on the gate)
- 2. By the finish placing from the previous round (first placed rider has first choice on gate).

Any ties for starting lane selections will be determined by <u>013.4</u>.

Start

020 A BMX race shall be started using a voice box starting system.

Where an electronically controlled starting gate in combination with a voice box supported starting system is used, the recorded commands of the voice box shall be as follows:

Stage 1: «OK riders, random start» Stage 2: «Riders ready» Stage 3: «Watch the gate»

For safety reasons, the stop button can be pressed at any time (up to the end of Stage 2).

Bike position on the start gate

The front wheel must be placed against the gate, be grounded and remain stationary during the starter's call (starters call finishes at the end of Stage 3 of the voice call). All riders must start in the designated gate position.

Starting Blocks: Participation class riders may be assisted at the start. A rider who elects to use an interlocking pedal cleat system will not use a block or be assisted from the Staging area to the start hill. Where an interlocking pedal-cleat system is used, the rider must be able to demonstrate the ability to engage and release from the pedals, unassisted, upon any request from an official at an event.

Mini Wheelers are not permitted to start off a track's start hill/gate. (They may have their own Mini Wheeler gate).

Conduct on the track

021 Riders who have registered for a competition and who confirmed their participation during the riders confirmation, are the only riders allowed to ride or practice on any part of the track on the days of the competition.

The Chief Steward is the final authority at any competition and has the right to impose a penalty on any competitor, parent, spectator, or team manager in the interests of safety or for violation of the rules.

The Chief Steward is the final authority at any competition and riders will be held accountable for the actions of their parents, team managers and any other person in their company at a BMX competition or event. Any misconduct on the part of any of these persons may, at the discretion of the Chief Steward result in the disqualification/fine, the person removed from the track/venue area and recommendation to BMXA to have their riders licence suspended.

If a race is stopped by the Chief Steward before its conclusion, the riders in the race must return to the starting line immediately and await instructions

A restart will be signalled by the Chief Steward or his assistant. A re-run of a moto, qualifying round or final will take place only if, in the opinion of the Chief Steward, the running of the race has been adversely affected by interference in the start procedure, interference on the part of a spectator, animal or other outside agency.

If a rider falls or is forced to stop due to a bicycle malfunction during a race, his first responsibility shall be to remove himself and his bicycle from the track in order to give the least obstruction to other riders. If a rider cannot or does not get up after a fall, he may be moved by first aid attendants if deemed safe by the first aid officials.

Finish

022 A rider shall have finished at the moment when the tyre of the front wheel touches the vertical plane rising from the starting edge of the finish line. The rider must be in contact with their bike when crossing the finish line to be scored.

In BMX competitions, different scoring systems are utilised, according to article 015 In the event that several systems are utilised during the event, they must apply according to the following order of priority:

- 1. For time trials
 - (a) Photo finish or light beams (photo cells)
 - (b) Timing transponders, as laid down in article 015

- 2. For motos, qualifiers and Finals
 - (a) Photo finish or light beams (photo cells)
 - (b) Timing transponders, as laid down in article 015
 - (c) Video Camera
 - (d) Finish line Judges
- 3. For gate selection
 - (a) Transponders, as laid down in article 015
 - (b) Photo finish or light beams (photo cells)

It is the responsibility of the Race Director to ensure that a method of scoring as prescribed in <u>015</u> is in place and functioning prior to start of racing. In event of equipment failure the Race Director may organise a different method of scoring during the event.

023 In a final, at least two riders need to cross the finish line for a race to be valid.

In case the race is not declared valid, a restart shall be done within 15 minutes. In the case of no restart, the times or results for the semi-final will be declared the final result.

In case of cancellation prior the final, the results of the previous phase will be declared the final results.

Competition field

Track flags

024 Green, yellow and red flags of the colours listed below may be used by track officials as a means of communicating with each other and to riders on the track, These flags have the following meanings:

Green Flag	The track is unobstructed and racing can proceed	
Yellow Flag	The track is obstructed and racers should be held at the	
	gate	
Red Flag	Riders on the track should stop immediately and return to	
	the starting gate to await further instruction	

Radios may be used as an alternative to flags. The Chief Steward or their representative must always carry a red flag.

025 Officials use of radios

In an event where radio communication is used as an alternate to the track flags, the following procedures are to be used:

Start

At the start of the event it is the Chief Steward or their delegate responsibility to make the following call:

Green Flag

This means that Chief Steward or their delegate is comfortable that all officials are in place and that all positions are prepared for racing to commence

Track Obstructed

When the track is obstructed due a fallen rider, the voice command will be "rider down" and indicate the location (straights, pro section and or berms) on the track. The following is the voice command to be used when the track is obstructed in the first berm as an example:

Rider down first berm

At this point, the start Steward is to hold the gate (ie do not start any further races). There is to be no further communication on radios until either the Steward that made the first call or the Chief Steward (or their delegate) makes the following call:

Track Clear

The *"track clear"* call is the message to the start Steward that racing can recommence. If the start Steward is not sure if a call of *"track clear"* has been made then the start Steward is to request clarification/update.

Red Flag

If for any reason a race that is on the track needs to stop, only the Chief or their delegate will make the following call:

Red Flag

It is important to note that the red flag is still to be physically to be shown to the competitors on the track, signalling to stop the race and return to the start hill and await further instruction. This will also mean for the start Steward to hold the gate and not start the next race. To commence racing again the voice command will be *"green flag"*.

BMX Track

026 For track design criteria and specification, refer to the BMX Australia Track

Design Guidelines.

The event sanctioning body may modify or set optional criteria for the BMX track.

Note: Riders wishing to use the alternate sections (Pro Straights) in all sanctioned events must be Year of Birth 14 years +.

Only riders age 14+ (year of birth) or older are eligible to use "Supercross Type/Designed" start hills. A "Supercross Type/Designed" start hill is defined as a start hill that has a height equal to or greater than 8 metres. (The rider must have shown the ability to safely use the Supercross start hill.)

Public Address system

027 The public address system must be capable of projecting the announcer's voice to all parts of the track, the riders' area and the staging area.

Competition officials

Junior age of official - Subject to satisfactory completion of the approved official's course a person who has attained the age of 16 years may officiate at BMX events. Any official or event staff less than 18 years of age shall be under direct supervision of an accredited adult official.

028 The BMX Australia regulations set forth the manner in which a BMX event shall be conducted. All officials participating in an event are required to be fully conversant with the regulations and any supplement thereof, which governs any event. By accepting the position, all competition officials are definitively bound by such Regulations.

Every BMX competition must be staffed with an adequate number of qualified officials, to assume all the responsibilities and perform all the duties of the various positions set forth in these rules.

Race Director

- **029** The race director, who is designated by the organizer with the assistance of the Chief Steward, shall be responsible for the following:
 - 1. Maintaining a timetable of events;
 - 2. Enlisting of all officials and administrative staff in numbers which are commensurate with the size of the event;
 - 3. Arranging for the equipment necessary to conduct a race;
 - 4. Arranging the trophies and other awards are present and checking the organisation of the awards ceremonies.

Chief Steward (Chief)

030 The Chief Steward is the final authority at any competition and has the right to impose a penalty on any competitor, or team manager in the interests of safety or for violation of these rules, following the guidelines as described in <u>073</u>.

The Chief Steward shall operate from a position, which permits a clear view of as much of the track as possible, to supervise the event with the assistance of the Assistant Chief Stewards and Berm Stewards.

Assistant Chief Steward (#2)

031 The Assistant Chief Steward will assist the Chief Steward in the completion and in the absence of the Chief Steward will assume the powers held by the Chief Steward.

Berm Steward

032 The Berm Steward shall be responsible for assuring the observance of all rules governing any event. All Berm Stewards must be fully conversant with these rules. Berm Stewards shall be responsible for monitoring the conduct of the riders on the track and for notifying other officials of conditions on the track, which may warrant their attention. The Chief Steward shall determine the number of Berm officials necessary for an event. Berm officials shall be sanctioned on each berm of the track. Berm officials shall make notes of any rule infringements or incidents that they witness. These notes shall be made available upon request by the Chief Steward.

Registrar

- **033** The Registrar shall be responsible for the registration and classification of all riders at the event, the processing and posting of the moto sheets, and the processing of all results (both intermediate and final results). The Registrar shall be assisted by a sufficient number of administrators, as described below:
 - 1. Entry Registrar/Administrators who shall be responsible for the following:
 - (a) Receiving and checking for conformance with entry regulations all riders' entry forms and/or permit applications;
 - (b) Establishing a list of entrants in each category of racing and ordering the categories.
 - 2. Moto sheet administrators shall be responsible for dividing the total number of entrants in each category into motos if more than eight riders and for recording their names on the appropriate moto sheets.

Transponder Operator/Registrar

034 The transponder operator shall be responsible for the setting up and operation of the transponder system and for passing rider finish line position results on to be posted on the moto boards and if appropriate, to an internet-based results service.

Staging Officials

035 Staging officials shall be responsible for directing riders into the proper staging lanes. They shall announce each race number, age group, and the names of every rider in each race and check each rider's bike to confirm that the provided transponder has been attached correctly.

There must be a clear communication on staging times by the staging official. An appropriate number of copies of the moto sheets shall be made available to the senior staging official.

Top Start Hill Stager

036 Top Start hill Stager shall be responsible for checking that riders are in the correct start lane (according to the moto sheets) prior to the start of each race. They are also responsible for checking if riders' safety equipment is correct. Top Starting hill Stager shall report to the Chief Steward any rider whose equipment does not conform to these regulations.

Finish Line Judges

037 In the event that the finishing order is determined by means of finish-line Judges, they shall act as described in rule 015(5) of this rule book.

Starter

- **038** The Starter shall be responsible for conducting the start of each race. The starter shall operate the starting gate, and perform such other actions as are necessary and appropriate to assure that each race has a safe and fair start. The starter may recommend to the Chief Steward that a rider obstructing the starter from carrying out the duties be penalized. When a timing system is utilised the starter must first confirm with the staging official any rider who fails to present himself at the start gate and then ensure that the operator of the timing system and his equipment is ready before he begins the starting procedure of a race.
- **039** The below people are not classed as officials but are required by the event organisation to help run the event.
 - 1. **Event Management** The Event Manager, as appointed by the Club, State or National body, and in association with the appointed committee, is responsible for the total organisation and conduct of the event, providing that the safety of the competitors/spectators and the integrity of the event/sport is not compromised or brought into disrepute.
 - 2. **Track Announcer** The track announcer shall be responsible for making formal announcements concerning the competition and for informing riders, spectators and officials of any changes to the race schedule.
 - 3. **First Aid** An adequate number of first aid staff shall be in attendance during all practice and race sessions. Neither practice nor race sessions may take place unless proper first aid services are available.
 - 4. **Appeal referee** A fair and reasonable person knowledgeable in the Competition Rules and Regulations of BMX appointed by the Event Organiser to adjudicate on appeals related to procedural matters only.
 - 5. **Rider Advocate/Team Manager** A reasonable person to be nominated by the Club or State Association that is knowledgeable in the Competition Rules and Regulations of BMX and who shall represent a competitor in relation to appeals concerning procedural matters.

Clothing and safety equipment

Inspection

040 Before official practice, before the start of, or during the course of any competition or event, the rider's bicycle, helmet and clothing may be subject to inspection by Officials in order to ascertain whether or not this equipment conforms to these rules. The sanctioning body makes no representation and/or statement of opinion as to the track worthiness of any bicycle, clothing, safety equipment or other gear, which may be examined during the course of this inspection.

Any rider, whose equipment is unsafe in the opinion of the Officials, whether or not it fails to comply with a specific provision of these rules, shall not be permitted to ride on the track.

All riders shall wear clothing that is recognisable in style as a BMX type garment and as such be distinct from other cycling disciplines.

Any rider who does not comply with all instructions given to him by the Officials with respect to his equipment shall not be permitted to compete in any event and may be either relegated or disqualified by the Chief Steward if the non-compliance of his equipment is noticed.

Helmet and protections

041 Helmets must be of full-face construction equipped with a visor of minimum 10 centimetres. Helmet strap must be securely fastened during the completion of the race. Open face helmets are not allowed.

BMXA strongly recommends that riders wear the following protection:

- 1. Back, elbow, knee and shoulder protectors made of rigid materials
- 2. Protection of the cervical vertebrae

Personal protective equipment (eg body armour) must be covered by the jersey.

Jersey

042 The jersey shall be a loose fitted long-sleeved shirt whose sleeves extend down to the rider's wrists.

The following is not permitted for BMX jerseys:

- 1. Lycra
- 2. Back pockets
- 3. Jerseys for Road/track cycling

Pants

043 The pants shall be loose fitting long pants made of tear-resistant material.

Loose fitting short pants made of tear-resistant material are permitted if used together with knee and shin protection with a rigid surface that extends from the knee protection to fully cover the shin, or to just above the ankle. Lycra is not permitted unless for use under the pants and to cover knee-protection.

Pants must be of a single piece construction, separated from the jersey at the waist. The following items are not permitted for BMX pants:

- 1. One piece skin suits
- 2. Tight fitted pants that needs to be stretched in order to cover the legs
- 3. Lycra pants
- 4. Track and Field pants/jogging pants
- 5. Road/Track cycling pants
- 6. Denim/Jeans (Denim/Jeans can only be worn at a category C (Club) event)
- **044** Gloves whose fingers completely cover the rider's fingertips.
- **045** Any added aerodynamic accessories on personal equipment are not permitted.

Cameras

046 Cameras can be used for all racing but cannot be used for the purpose of official adjudication.

Bicycle

047 All bicycles used for competition must meet the general specifications provided in these rules.

Retro Bicycles

Retro classes are open wheel classes on bikes (frame/fork) that must be built pre 1986 with period friendly components.

- 1. No reproduction bikes
- 2. No micro-knobbies
- 3. No clip-in pedals
- 4. No triple-walled rims
- 5. No v-brakes
- 6. Re-produced cranks, Tuff wheels, grips and rims are permitted

Mini Wheeler Guidelines

048 Bicycle

- Mini Wheelers total length including wheels must not exceeded 35" (88.9cm)
- 2. Mini Wheelers must not have pedals or cranks
- 3. Pit bikes can be used, but must have cranks removed and not exceed 35" (88.9cm)
- 4. The total diameter of the wheel, inflated tires included shall not exceed 13" (33.02cm)

Mini Wheeler Clothes

- 1. Long pants
- 2. Long sleeved shirts
- 3. Covered shoes
- 4. Helmets (stack hats) are permitted that meet Australian standards
- 5. Helmet straps must be securely fastened
- 6. Must wear full fingered gloves

Frame

049 The bicycle's frame must be of sufficient strength to withstand the rigors of BMX racing and be devoid of any cracked or bent frame members or welds which are cracked or otherwise deficient.

Aerodynamic accessories, chain guards, side stands, mud guards, sheet metal accessories such as simulated fuel tanks, butterfly nuts, any superfluous welded or mechanically fastened fittings such as chain guard lugs, frame mounted reflectors and any other sharp protruding objects are not permitted.

Wheel axles may not protrude more than 5mm beyond the hub nuts.

All components, accessories and other parts must be firmly attached to the bicycle.

Wheels

050 Bicycles with 20" wheels may be raced only in standard categories. Cruisers may be raced only in cruiser categories.

With the exception set forth herein below, all bicycles used in the standard 20" type must be equipped with matching wheels that are nominally 20" in diameter. The total diameter of the wheels, inflated tyres included, shall not exceed 22 1/2" (57cm).

The total diameter of the wheels, inflated tires included, in the cruiser type shall measure at least 22 1/2'' (57cm), and the total diameter of the wheels, inflated tyres included, shall be no larger than 26'' in diameter.

The bicycles of riders aged 6 and under may be equipped with wheels smaller than 20".

Wheels must be laced with the full complement of spokes for which the hubs and rims are intended. Spokes must be properly tensioned and hub bearings must be adjusted to eliminate noticeable play. Disc wheels are not permitted, wheels must be open.

Tyres must be of one-piece construction and have tread sufficient to provide adequate grip on the particular surface that the track presents.

Tyres must be inflated to a pressure sufficient to assure safe riding under race conditions. Quick release axles are not recommended but may be used if the release levers are taped or wired in the locked position.

Handlebars

051 Maximum width of handlebars on both standard bicycles and cruisers shall be 74cm (29") excluding bar ends. The maximum rise of handlebars on both standard bicycles and cruisers shall be 30cm (12").

Handlebar grips are mandatory and must completely cover the ends of the handlebars. Handlebars that are cracked or bent are not permitted.

Steering head

052 The forks must turn smoothly in the headset bearing without binding or excessive play. The stem may not protrude above the headset lock-nut by an amount that exceeds the manufacturer's recommendation or by more than 5cm if no maximum height mark is inscribed on the stem.

Brakes

053 All bicycles entered in competition must be equipped with an effective rear brake, which must be operated by hand (caliper brake).

The rear brake cable must be secured to the frame. A front brake may be fitted, but is not required.

The free end of the handbrake lever must be smoothly rounded or covered in such a manner as to prevent it from presenting a hazard.

All exposed cable ends must be capped, soldered or covered to prevent fraying.

Seat

054 The seat base must be constructed of material that is sufficiently strong to resist penetration by the seat post.

The seat post must be secured to the seat tube by means of a seat post clamp. This clamp's fixing bolt may protrude from the body of the clamp by no more than 5mm.

Cranks, pedals and gears

055 Cranks of either one-piece, two-piece or three-piece construction are permitted. Crank arms may be of any length so long as they do not compromise the bicycle's ground clearance.

The bottom bracket bearings must be adjusted so as to allow the cranks to spin smoothly and without noticeable play.

Pedals must be securely attached to the crank arms and adjusted so as to eliminate lateral motion of the pedal body along the pedal axle. Pedal axles must be of sufficient strength to withstand the rigors of competition. The teeth on pedal cages must be sufficiently pointed and prominent to offer effective grip on a rider's shoes without being so sharp as to pose a safety hazard.

Toe clips and straps are not permitted. Interlocking pedal-cleat systems however are allowed. Where an interlocking pedal- cleat system is used, the rider must be able to demonstrate the ability to engage and release from the pedals upon any request from an official at an event.

Multiple speed gear systems are permitted.

Number Plates

- **056** During competition, riders shall be identified by an identification number. Without prejudice to the provisions concerning the international permanent race number system, a rider will be permitted to use their preferred number (or assigned a random number in the case of a duplication of numbers) at each event.
- **057** Each bicycle entered into competition must have a number plate attached to the front of the handlebars. The upper edge of this number plate may not extend above the crossbar safety pad on any handlebars having a crossbar.

Number plates must be made of plastic or other similar flexible material.

A rider who fails to display the correct number will not be scored.

The area of the plate that provides a background for the number must, during the entire duration of a competition, be kept free of markings, stickers or other impediments to the number's legibility. Riders may not cut, mutilate or put additional stickers or marking on their number plate if it's provided by the Organiser.

AA Men, A Men, Pro Open Men,	Yellow plate, black numbers
Challenge male riders	
AA Women, A Women, Pro Open	Blue plate, white numbers
Women, Challenge female riders	
Challenge Novice Classes	Green plate, white numbers
Cruiser	Red plate, white numbers
Participation (Sprocket Rocket)	Orange plate, black numbers
Participation (BMX Mini Wheeler)	Purple plate, white numbers

The following number plate colour combinations must be used:

Note: Only AA riders with an Elite UCI permanent number can ride with white plate, black numbers in an AA or Pro Open event.

Race plates should be 250mm wide x 200mm high approximately with numbers being 15mm wide x 100mm high approximately.

BMX Mini Wheeler plates should be a minimum of 180mm wide x 140mm high approximately.

Retro Plate sizing should be 260mm wide x 300mm high approximately.

At all events a competitor must, at all times, ride with the racing number and/or letter combination which has:

- 1. Been allocated to them by their club; or
- 2. Been allocated to them by their National or State Association; or
- 3. Been allocated to them through successful competition at any of the immediately preceding Titles:

Prefix/suffix	Example	Title
W	^w 1	World
А	1 ^A	Australia
ACT	1 ^{ACT}	Australian Capital Territory
Ν	1 ^N	New South Wales
NT	1 ^{NT}	Northern Territory
Q	1 ^Q	Queensland
SA	1 ^{SA}	South Australia
Т	1 ^T	Tasmania
V	1 ^V	Victoria
WA	1 ^{WA}	Western Australia

The only riders who will be entitled to race with a racing number between 1-8 (inclusive) will be those riders that placed in the preceding above Titles with the use of the above letters immediately after the number except World plates that will have the prefix W.

The size of the prefix or suffix letter must be 50mm in height.

Use of Number Zero on a Number Plate -0 - 00 zero or double zero is not a numeral and 1-8 are reserved.

Infringements, Penalties and Protests

058 All riders must observe these rules and follow all instructions given to them by any official at any time during the course of the event. Every rider must at all times observe such conduct as reflects the ideals of good sportsmanship and avoid any conduct which may bring himself or the sport of BMX into disrepute. The use of obscene or foul language is forbidden. Riders using such language will be penalised in a manner to be determined by the Chief Steward.

The infringements described in these rules will be penalised by the Chief Steward.

059 If necessary, the Chief Steward will determine whether an infringement was caused deliberately or not. An infringement is considered to be caused deliberately, in the event that it could have been avoided.

Deliberate Interference

060 Interference is often a complex offence, given that BMX is a contact sport. The Chief Steward will determine whether it was deliberate or not. If an infraction or interference can be avoided, and is caused, the Chief Steward may determine it as being deliberate. Deliberate interference between two or more riders will be penalised, as laid down in article <u>073</u>.

Deliberate Force off the track

061 Any competitor must not force another competitor off the track deliberately.

Track Re-entrance

062 Any rider who leaves the track during a race must, regardless of the circumstances, re-enter the track at the nearest safe point. He shall not interfere with the progress of any other rider or cut the track in order to

gain an advantage. (Riders re-entering the track in an improved position must delay themselves to the original position they left the track and then continue racing from there.)

Contact

063 A rider shall not cause any part of his person or bicycle to come into contact with another rider's person or bicycle during a race with the intention of impeding that rider's progress so as to overtake him or cause him to be overtaken by another rider.

Obstruction on the final straight

064 The lead rider shall have the right to choose his line on the track and through the corners. When on the final straight, however, the lead rider shall not deliberately obstruct another rider from passing. A penalty for this infringement shall be imposed by the Chief Steward, as laid down in article <u>073</u>.

Team Riding

065 Team riding or helping other competitors to gain a higher finishing position is prohibited.

Third Persons Interference

066 Team managers, parents, and others shall not interfere with a race on behalf of a team or a rider.

Penalties

067 The Chief Steward may, without prejudice to its possibilities provided within this rulebook and its appendixes, invoke any of the censures provided in this rulebook against a rider who commits any infraction.

Official warning

068 A rider may receive an official, verbal warning for certain misconduct. The first warning issued to a rider at an event carries no specific penalty other than the advice of the warning, however the issuance of a subsequent warning for the same, or any other offence within the same event, will result in the rider's disqualification from the event.

A warning shall be displayed on the printed output of the results and on the monitors or posted on the moto boards by the secretary.

Relegation

069 A rider may be "relegated" (REL) and will receive a score equal to the number of riders who started the moto plus 2.

Disqualification of a rider

070 A rider may be disqualified and thereby barred from further participation in either the competition category in which the infringement occurred or the entire event. The rider will not be ranked in the results summary.

Removal of an offender from the competition venue

- **071** The Chief Steward shall have the power to remove, at its sole discretion, an offender from the competition venue for an offence against any of the provisions set down in this rule book.
- **072** BMX Australia may by its sole discretion and for cause suspend for any period of time, or permanently revoke, the licence entitling a rider to compete in a BMX event. The following offences will result in suspension:
 - Competing under a false name
 - Use of false information relating to age, category, or other subject at the time of race registration in order to gain an unfair advantage
 - Conspiring with one or more other riders to pre-determine the outcome of any race
 - Offering, giving or receiving either directly or indirectly any bribe or other incentive intended to influence the outcome of a race either to or from any other person, including without limitation, riders, officials and spectators at a BMX competition
 - Wilfully entering or riding a bicycle that does not conform to the rules of the competition, including altering, removing, tampering, or misrepresentation of a lap time scoring system device
 - Altering the specification of any bicycle after inspection that results in an infringement of the rules of competition
 - Engaging in any unfair practice, misbehaviour or action detrimental to the sport of BMX, whether or not related to a specific event

Penalties

073 These are suggested outcomes to the following infringements. Each case needs to be adjudicated on its own merits.

Infringement	Penalty
Bring the sport of BMX into	Disqualification and referral to Judiciary
Disrepute	
Riding in a class that rider not	Disqualification and referral to Judiciary
nominated in	
Deliberate T boning (REL)	Last place points plus 2 points
Deliberate cutting off track and	Last place points plus 2 points
gaining an advantage (REL)	
Rider forced off track and gaining	Last place points plus 2 points
an advantage (REL)	
Causing interference and	Last place points plus 2 points
disadvantaging another competitor	
by use of arms, feet, body or	
bicycle (REL)	
Tactical team riding (REL)	Last place points plus 2 points
Use of physical violence or	Disqualification from event and referral
threating behaviour	to Judiciary
Audible use of abusive offensive	First - Official warning, Second -
language	Disqualification
Refusing to submit to anti-doping	Disqualification and referral to Judiciary
testing	
Any competitor or official involved	Removed from venue and referral to
in an event while intoxicated	Judiciary
Misconduct by parents, family	Official Warning, Disqualification,
members, team managers at an	removal from venue and referral to
event	Judiciary

Protests

General rules

074 In any BMX event a protest may be filed by a rider through the Team Manager/Riders Representative, with the Chief Steward for the scoring of a rider.

Protests by riders regarding judgment decisions during a competition are not allowed. The Chief Steward in charge shall make decisions of any incidents or irregularities occurring during the competition.

How to protest

- **075** A rider wishing to make a protest arising under article <u>074</u>, may do so by submitting it to the rider's Team Manager/Riders Advocate who will submit it to the Chief Steward within 15 minutes of the posting of the results that has given rise to the protest. The Chief Steward will conduct an investigation and render a decision on the protest prior to the commencement of that rider's next round of racing.
- **076** If a rider disagrees with his finishing position as posted on the results, they may protest through their Team Manager/Riders Representative. All results shall be posted within ten minutes of each race. The Chief Steward (or his assistant) and the Transponder operator/Registrar will view the applicable scoring system and render a decision.

The Team Manager/Riders Representative or the rider(s) involved in the protest may be called upon as required by the Chief Steward.

Should a situation arise in one of the three qualifying motos, where a clear decision cannot be determined from the applicable scoring system, both riders will be scored with the better ranked finishing position. For example: a protest between 4th place and 5th place finishing position would in the case of a tied decision ultimately give both riders 4th place finish in that particular race.

A video protest on scoring may only be filed within the time span of a round of motos. For example: if moto #42 of the first round is in the moto in which a rider wishes to view the video, then the video protest must be filed by moto #42 of the second round.

When protesting a transferring position, a rider must do so prior to that rider's next round of racing, whilst a protest against a rider's position in the final shall be filed within 15 minutes after posting of the final results.

If a protested race is not available on the videotape for viewing due to mechanical failure or otherwise, the score sheets will determine the finish position of the race.

077 The Chief Steward shall have the power to impose a penalty up to and including disqualification of the rider as a result of any protest arising.

Appeals

- **078** 1. An appeal can only be lodged against the outcome of a lodged protest as per <u>074</u>.
 - 2. An appeal must be made in writing to the Appeal Referee by the Team Manager/Riders Representative within 30 minutes of the penalty being incurred. A fee of \$150.00 is to accompany the lodging of the appeal.

- 3. The Appeal Referee will discuss with the Chief Steward and any other Official relevant to the incident. A decision will be announced within 30 minutes, or prior to the end of that round of motos.
- 4. The decision of the Appeal Referee who held the appeal is final and binding on any appeal, with no further discussion or correspondence being entered into.
- 5. Any appeal that is upheld as a result of an Appeal Referees finding will have all fees returned. If the appeal is dismissed, the fee will be forwarded to the Host Club, State/National BMX Association, or appropriate Financial Director for banking to consolidated revenue.
- 6. Any competitor under suspension and not otherwise disqualified by these Rules may be reinstated at the discretion of the Board of Management of BMX Australia Limited.

Australian Prizemoney Schedules

Pro/Amateur Status in Relation to Prize money

079 BMX Australia, in imitation of International Olympic Committee and the Union Cycliste Internationale, does not apply a different status to amateur and professional classes, but compete together in certain classes on the basis of age and capability. Therefore, riders receiving prize money at UCI or BMX Australian sanctioned events will not lose their possible eligibility for possible Olympic BMX events.

Equity in Relation to Prize money

080 BMX Australia and its affiliated State and Territory Associations guarantee Australian male and female, equity, wherever possible, in all aspects of the sport including participation, training, competition, prize money, coaching, officiating and administration.

Challenge Classes are to have equal awards for male and female.

For A/AA Open/14+ Classes, the minimum percentage that is applied to female gender is 25%, but can be higher if determined by the event organiser (eg 70/30 or 50/50 male/female).

A/AA Open/14+ Men and Women and Challenge Prize money

081 Prize money Breakdown

Total amount minimum at all races conducted in Australia must be:

- 1. AA Men: minimum prize pool to be advised on event flyer
- 2. AA Women: minimum 25% of elite men prize pool
- 3. A Men: up to a maximum of 40% of AA men
- 4. A Women: up to a maximum of 40% of AA women
- 5. Challenge riders: male and female equal awards

Placing breakdown

Either of the below tables can be used for awards breakdown.

1st Place	33%
2nd Place	23%
3rd Place	14%
4th Place	8%
5th Place	7%
6th Place	6%
7th Place	5%
8th Place	4%

1st Place	50%
2nd Place	30%
3rd Place	20%

All prize money to be paid in EFT, cash and or cheque at the discretion of the event organiser. Monies to be paid immediately following the conclusion of the event or, if two events over two days at the end of the second day.

Process

- 1. Calculate Prize pool
- 2. Calculate Male/Female split
- 3. Calculate Elite/Junior split in both male and female
- 4. Apply above placing percentages to individual determined pools

National A/AA Guidelines

082 Competition Administration

- 1. A and AA Open Class Operating Procedures
 - (a) Prize money breakdown and Prize Pool Allocation for Open Money classes to be based on <u>081</u>. The event flyer is to contain all relevant information.
 - (b) The A Open class will not be considered championship events, or finish place results used to determine rankings.
 - (c) The A Open Class can only be conducted in conjunction with an AA Open class event. If nominations are insufficient to conduct either AA or A Open Classes, then only the AA Open class may be conducted (ie combine AA and A into AA Open only).
 - (d) A competitor who is classified an A Open rider can compete in a combined A and AA Open event without any loss of classification status. However any A Open competitor who nominates to compete in an AA Open class event will from that date be classified as an AA Open competitor (re-classification and transfer conditions apply).
 - (e) Competitors may also enter (or qualify for) any appropriate Open Money Classes, Cruisers, Composite Classes, Trophy Dashes or other special racing that may be organised.
- 2. Class classification procedures A and AA Opens
 - (a) Competition Age: Competitors who are turning 14 for "Year of Birth" competitions or who have attained the age of 14 for "Age on Day" competitions are eligible to compete in A Open or AA Open classes.
 - (b) An up-to-date register of AA and A Open competitors will be kept by each State/Territory. Updated lists should be kept on a monthly basis for distribution to other State/Territory or clubs from time to time as requested.
 - (c) Clubs must obtain an updated classification list from the State/Territory Administration Official prior to conducting any event with the A and AA classes. After the event the club must forward to the State/Territory Administration Official a Race Director's report for the A and AA Open classes with a corresponding list of all money won.
 - (d) If the event has pre-nominations the competitor will be classified as per date for close of nominations. The classification will be based on the current updated classification list.

3. Re-classification conditions:

AA Open competitors may apply in writing to their State Board of Management to be re-classified back into the A Open class after competing at no less than six (6) AA Open races if they feel their performances are not of a compatible standard. The Board's decision in this matter is final.

- 4. Transfer Procedures:
 - (a) A mandatory transfer system applies to competitors in the A Open class.
 - (b) A competitor competing in the A Open class may only earn up to a maximum of \$2000.00 from any number of race meetings. Evidence of which shall be kept in a BMXA approved logbook.
 - (c) Once this prize purse ceiling has been reached, the competitor is automatically transferred through to the AA Open class.
 - (d) An A Open class competitor may be transferred prior to earning \$2000.00 if they so wish by simply nominating for an AA Open class event and/or notifying the State Administration Official of their decision. They must meet re-classification conditions to transfer back to A Open class.
 - (e) If AA and A open classes are combined due to the lack of numbers, the A Opens competitors will only be re-classified into the AA Open classes if the prize monies won on the day takes them past the \$2000.00 transfer limit. This re-classification will not take place until the updated classification list has been distributed or in the case of a series, take place at the conclusion of the series.
 - (f) Any club or Organisation found to have knowingly paid a competitor outside of these guidelines will not be permitted to conduct an event offering prize money for a period of two years from the time of the offence.